

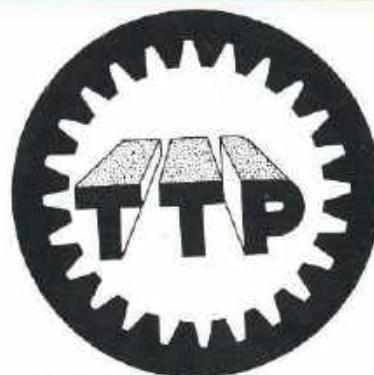
guidelines for instructors

Masterplan-curriculum for apprentices & trainees

metal trades

T.T.P. SERIES 38

PRICE Rs. 20/-



DEVELOPMENT CELL
FOR SKILLED LABOUR TRAINING
DIRECTORATE OF MANPOWER & TRAINING
GOVERNMENT OF THE PUNJAB
LAHORE

masterplan-curriculum

for

imparting theory instructions

to

apprentices and trainees

turner & machinist

first edition: july 1977

prepared and published by:

DEVELOPMENT CELL FOR
SKILLED LABOUR TRAINING
DIRECTORATE OF MANPOWER & TRAINING
PUNJAB, LAHORE

printed by:

FINE BOOKS PRINTERS, Lahore.

C O N T E N T S

	Page
Introduction	3
Set-up of the Masterplan Curriculum	4
How to use the Masterplan Curriculum for the Apprentice Training Scheme	5
How to use the Masterplan Curriculum for the Technical Training Scheme	8
Books and Manuals	10
 Masterplan Curriculum	
Fundamentals of Metal Trades	11 - 30
Turners & Machinists	
Common Trade Theory	31 - 41
Turners' Trade Theory	42 - 47
Machinists' Trade Theory	48 - 56

INTRODUCTION

With a view to standardizing skilled labour training, functioning under the aegis of the DIRECTORATE OF MANPOWER & TRAINING, PUNJAB, LAHORE, a Development Cell has been set up at this Directorate under the Pak-German Technical Assistance Programme. One of the activities of the Development Cell is to prepare standardized "Training Courses" for various trades.

Skilled manpower is the backbone of industry. Industrial progress is not possible without the availability of systematically trained skilled personnel. The trade proficiency of such a skilled workman does not only depend upon his skills but also upon the knowledge of when and how to apply these skills in any situation that may arise while working on the job. Therefore, a sound understanding of materials, tools, appliances and working methods is a must for every systematically trained skilled workman and the training programme has to fulfil this requirement.

Although skilled workmen must gain broad background information about their respective trades during the course of training, that does not mean they should be imparted highly scientific theory as for engineers and technicians. Practical work is the prime objective in skilled labour training and theoretical knowledge is required to a lesser extent. As such 80 % of the training period is devoted to practical work and 20 % to theoretical instructions.

The Development Cell has therefore prepared the "Masterplan Curriculum" in the subjects of Technology, Technical Mathematics and Technical Drawing for imparting theoretical instructions to apprentices and trainees in the Turner & Machinist trades.

SET-UP OF THE MASTERPLAN CURRICULUM

The Masterplan Curriculum for Turners & Machinists covers all the necessary requirements for imparting theoretical instructions to apprentices and trainees in their respective trade. It can be utilized in all training institutions where related theoretical instructions are imparted to apprentices and trainees.

The curriculum has been split up in three main subjects namely Technology, Technical Mathematics and Technical Drawing. These subjects have been divided into units and sub-units. Within each sub-unit, topics are specified which show the contents of the lesson to be taught. This will help the instructors to understand the scope of the lesson.

Technology is the main subject; the other subjects deal with the related aspects of Technology on the same teaching day. An extract form the Masterplan Curriculum is shown below as an example of these parallel activities:

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHN. DRAWING
13	ISO-FITS AND TOLERANCES		
13.1	<u>WT</u> <u>Fits and Tolerances</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -necessity of fits (mass production, interchangeability of parts) -basic definitions (nominal size, actual size, limits of size, zero line, tolerance) -types of fits-clearance, interference and transition 	<u>Calculation of Fits</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -basic definitions and expressing fits on hole and shaft -meaning of symbols 	<u>Rectangular Cuts I</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -prisms with triangular base <p>(Sheet No. 50)</p>
13.2	<u>WT</u> <u>Fits and Tolerances</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -maximum/minimum clearance and interference -tolerance zone (grade & position) -fit systems (basic hole/basic shaft) 	<u>Calculation of Fits</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating fit dimensions for hole and shaft (max./min. sizes, off-sizes) 	

Every sub-unit has a common serial number for the three subjects namely Technology, Technical Mathematics and Technical Drawing. One sub-unit is to be taught in one day. One day per week with (50 minutes each) lesson-periods may be followed for imparting theoretical instructions. The break-up of the lesson-periods is as follows:

3 lesson-periods	for Technology
2 lesson-periods	for Technical Mathematics
and 2 lesson-periods	for Technical Drawing.

HOW TO USE THE MASTERPLAN CURRICULUM FOR THE APPRENTICE TRAINING SCHEME

Under the Apprentice Training Scheme the duration of training for Turners and Machinists is 3 years. This training duration has been divided into 6 periods/semesters. The theoretical instructions may be arranged on a Day Release Basis throughout the period of training. The Block Release System may also be followed which provides about 150 days (25 weeks) with 7 lesson periods (50 minutes each) per day for imparting theory.

The programme of theoretical instructions for apprentices of Turner and Machinist trades is broadly divided into three parts namely i) Fundamentals of Metal Trades
 ii) Trade Theory (Turners and Machinists)
and iii) Projects (applied theory).

During the 1st and 2nd semesters a common course "Fundamentals of Metal Trades" is to be taught. This covers units 1-12 of the Masterplan Curriculum.

During the 3rd semester a common course in Trade Theory for Turners and Machinists is to be taught. This course mainly covers the common basic Machine Tools Operations and is spread over units 13-17.

During the 4th semester theoretical instructions in respective trades are to be imparted. This facilitates to impart specific trade knowledge in the trade and covers units 18-20 for Turners and units 18-22 for Machinists.

During the programme of training from 1st to 4th semester, the trade theory is imparted in the subjects Technology, Technical Mathematics and Technical Drawing.

Emphasis has been given to maintain parallelity in imparting the theoretical instructions and the practical training in the workshop. With this view point the Trade Theory of some common basic Machine Tools Operations for example Milling, Shaping, Turning, Grindin,, have been placed in the 3rd semester.

During the 5th and 6th semesters emphasis is given to apply the Trade Theory learnt during the first four semesters. Trade Theory is not imparted separately in the subjects of Technology, Technical Mathematics and Technical Drawing. With this view point 12 Theory Projects have been designed for the Turner and Machinist trades (see pages 57 to 60). The questions for each project are prepared keeping in view the following:

- i) Purpose of the project (technical and economical instructions)
- ii) Representation, design and application
- iii) Function of the project
- iv) Materials and tools
- v) Manufacturing problems
- vi) Sequence of operations
- vii) Measuring and checking techniques
- viii) Related calculations

At the end of each semester 1 week is provided for test.

The time schedule to be followed for imparting theoretical instructions is shown on page No. 7.

MASTERPLAN CURRICULUM TIME SCHEDULE FOR APPRENTICE TRAINING SCHEME

HOW TO USE THE MASTERPLAN CURRICULUM FOR THE TECHNICAL TRAINING SCHEME

Under the Technical Training Scheme the duration of training for Turners and Machinists is 2 years. This training period has been divided into 4 periods/semesters. The theoretical instructions may be arranged on a Day Release Basis throughout the period of training. The programme of theoretical instructions is broadly divided into 3 parts namely

- i) Fundamentals of Metal Trades
- ii) Trade Theory (Turners and Machinists)
- and iii) Trade Theory (Turners and Machinists).

During the 1st and 2nd semesters a common course in Fundamentals of Metal Trades is to be taught. This covers units 1-12. During the 3rd semester a common course in Trade Theory is designed which mostly covers the common basic Machine Tools Operations such as Milling, Turning, Shaping and Grinding. This covers units 13-17.

During the 4th semester Trade Theory is imparted in the respective trade. This covers units 18-20 for Turner trade and units 18-22 for Machinist trade.

Turner and Machinist trades are grouped together in the first three semesters and a common course is designed for imparting the theoretical instructions, whereas the respective Trade Theory shall be imparted to Turners and Machinists during the 4th semester. This has been done to facilitate the centre administration for making suitable arrangements for imparting theoretical instructions. However, emphasis has been given to maintain the parallelity in the imparting of theoretical instructions and practical skill.

Throughout the training programme Trade Theory is imparted in the subjects of Technology, Technical Mathematics and Technical Drawing.

At the end of each semester 1 week is provided for test. The time schedule to be followed for imparting theoretical instructions is shown on page No. 9.

MASTER PLAN CURRICULUM TIME SCHEDULE FOR TECHNICAL TRAINING SCHEME

BOOKS AND MANUALS

Text Books

1. Gerling - "Machine Tools Say Mutallaga"
(Urdu Edition)
Ferozsons Ltd. Lahore for:
Development Cell for Skilled Labour Trg.
2. Bendix - "Ihtedai Dhat Kari"
(Urdu Edition)
National Book Foundation for:
Development Cell for Skilled Labour Trg.
3. Minhas - "Tekneeki Reyazi"
National Book Foundation for:
Development Cell for Skilled Labour Trg.
4. Development Cell - "Technical Drawing for Metal Trades"
Book 1 and 2
Development Cell for Skilled Labour Trg.
5. Jütz-Schirkus - "Westermann Tables for Metal Trades"
Development Cell for Skilled Labour Trg.

Instructor Manuals

1. Development Cell - "Solution Book Technical Drawing
for Metal Trades"
Book 1 and 2
Development Cell for Skilled Labour Trg.
2. Minhas - "Solution Book Tekneeki Reyazi for
Metal Trades"
Development Cell for Skilled Labour Trg.

MASTERPLAN - CURRICULUM
FUNDAMENTALS OF METAL TRADES

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY (including Working Techniques (WT) Materials (M) and Science (S))	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
1	INTRODUCTION		Introduction_to_Technical_Drawing -kinds of lines -drawing instruments	1
1.1	<u>WT Workshop_ Workplace_ Tools</u> -order of workplace -maintenance and storing of tools -costs of machines, tools, materials -introduction to general tools used in the metal workshop; their care and proper use	<u>Whole Numbers</u> -addition and subtraction		
M	<u>Basic Characteristics_of_Metals</u> -metals / non-metals -pure and alloyed metals -ferrous / non-ferrous metals -base metals			
1.2	<u>WT Workshop_ Workplace_ Tools</u> -safety precautions	<u>Whole Numbers</u> -multiplication and division	Introduction_to_Technical_Drawing -lettering exercises	2, 3
M	<u>Important_Metals</u> -use of grey cast iron and steel -important non-ferrous metals and their use			
S	<u>Power</u> -muscular power -machine power -sources of power -important prime=movers			

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
2	MEASURING I <u>2.1</u> <u>WT General Introduction</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -purpose of measuring -accuracy of measuring -linear measuring (steel rule, calipers, vernier calipers) <u>S</u> <u>Units</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -units of length (metric) -units of angles 	<u>Fractions</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -addition, subtraction of common fractions 	<u>Views_of_Prismatic_Work-pieces_I</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -representation in cavalier projection 	4, 5
	<u>2.2</u> <u>WT Steel Rules</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -types and use of different steel rules and steel taps <u>Calipers</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -inside/outside calipers (construction and use) -transferring measurements and reading on rules <u>S</u> <u>Types_of_Motion</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -linear motion -rotary motion -measuring of motion (velocity) 	<u>Fractions</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -proper fractions, improper fractions and mixed numbers -multiplication and division of fractions 	<u>Views_of_Prismatic_Work-pieces_II</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -representation in 3 views 	6, 7, 8, 9

<p>2.3 NT Vernier Calipers</p> <p>-inside, outside, depth</p> <p>-accuracy of reading (metric)</p> <p>-principle of vernier scale</p> <p>-measuring faults</p> <p>Angle Measuring Instruments</p> <p>-measuring with angle measuring instruments (fixed/adjustable).</p>	<p>Decimal_System_of_Measurement</p> <p>-metre, gram, litre</p>	<p>Views_of_Prismatic_Works_Pieces_1</p> <p>-assembling bodies</p> <p>-recognition of views</p> <p>Views_of_Prismatic_Works_Pieces_1</p> <p>-completion of views,</p> <p>-visible edges</p>
<p>2.4 NT Care_and_Maintenance_of_Measuring_Instruments</p> <p>Gauges</p> <p>-purpose and use of thread gauges and feeler gauges</p>	<p>Decimal_System_of_Measurement</p> <p>-multiples and parts of units</p>	<p>Views_of_Prismatic_Works_Pieces_1</p> <p>-completion of views,</p> <p>-visible edges</p>

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
3	<u>HAND-OPERATION TECHNIQUES I</u>			
3.1	<u>WT</u> <u>Marking</u> -necessity of marking -common marking tools (scriber, steel rule, centre punch, marking block, vernier height gauge, centric gauge, centring bell) -marking with common marking tools -use and maintenance of marking tools	<u>Decimal Fractions</u> -addition, subtraction	<u>Prismatic Workpieces-II Dimensioning</u> -workpieces with covered edges	13, 14, 15
	<u>M</u> <u>Properties of Materials</u> -elementary metals - alloys -crystal structure of metals			
S	<u>Force</u> -effects of force -forces acting at the cutting edge of the tool			
3.2	<u>WT</u> <u>Chipping and Cutting by Hand</u> <u>Sawing</u> -cutting principle (rake angle) -the saw blade (pitch of teeth, setting of teeth and tightening the blade in the frame) -sawing of pipes and sheets	<u>Decimal Fractions</u> -multiplication, division	<u>Prismatic Workpieces-II Dimensioning</u> -entry of dimensions	14, 15
	<u>M</u> <u>Properties of Materials</u> -hardness of materials -effect of hardness			

<p>3.3 WT Chiselling</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -purpose of chiselling and its principle -types of chisels and their use -cutting effect of the wedge -chiselling faults and the prevention of accidents <p>S FORCE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -measuring of force and its representation -cutting action of forces 	<p>CONVERSION OF INCH TO METRIC SYSTEM</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -equivalent of one inch in mm -conversion of dimensions 	<p>Prismatic Workpieces-II Dimensioning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -drawing true to scale <p>Prismatic Workpieces-II Dimensioning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -meaning of Percentage -changing numbers to percents -changing percents to decimal and common fractions

3.5	NT Filing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -process of filing -shape of cuts -types of files with regards to cuts and shapes M Properties of Materials <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -cohesive force in materials (cohesion) -cohesiveness of materials S Strength <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -tensile/compressive strength 	<u>Percentages</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -finding the rate, the base, the percentage
3.6	WT Scraping <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -scraping process -principle of scraping tools (rake angle) -scraping tools and their use Making Holes with Punching Tools <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -punching tools, punching pliers and press punches S Friction	<u>Revision / Test</u>
	Cutting Force and Cutting Resistance	<u>Prismatic Workpieces-II Dimensioning</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -center lines, dimensioning -dimensioning in less than three views

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING
4	<u>MACHINE-OPERATION TECHNIQUES I</u> <u>WT Drilling, Countersinking</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -drilling of through holes (effect of movements of the drill, cutting process) -types of twist drills, main parts (their names and functions) <u>E Lubricants and Coolants</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -necessity of cooling/lubricating -cutting fluids/lubricants 	<u>Angles</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -angle and its units (degree, minute, second) -types of angles (acute, right, obtuse, straight, reflex, full) 	<u>Surface_Symbols</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -purpose of surface symbols -center of surface symbols
4.1	<u>WT Drilling, Countersinking</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -angles at the twist drill (rake, cutting lip, and clearance angles) their effects, grinding of drills -countersinking-tools, purpose and procedure 	<u>Angles</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculation of angles (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division) 	<u>Surface_Symbols</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -assembly of two parts
4.2	<u>WT Drilling, Countersinking</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -number of Rpm on the drills -effect of Rpm on the drills -clockwise and anticlockwise rotary motions 	<u>Rotary_Motion</u>	<u>Surface_Symbols</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2

<p>4.3 WT Drilling and Countersinking</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -operation and function of hand drilling machine and Power drilling machine -clamping and removing of twist drills -drilling faults 	<p>Angles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -expressing values of angles in decimal form (conversion from degrees, minutes and seconds into decimal and vice versa) 	<p>Repetition and Respective Exercises</p> <p>2.2</p>
	<p>TOLERANCES</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -measuring of nominal size, max. and min. sizes, actual size, lower and upper off-sizes tolerance 	<p>TOLERANCES</p> <p>2.3</p>

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
5	HAND-OPERATION TECHNIQUES 11			
5.1	<u>WT_Bending</u> -bending process and bending effect (neutral fibre of flat and round workpieces, extended length) <u>N_Effect_of_Forces_on_Material</u> -effect of compressive and tensile forces on material -ductility and toughness <u>S_FORCES</u> -tensile and compressive forces -change of structure under these forces	<u>Surface_Area_I</u> -surface area of rectangular linear plane engineering figures (square, rectangle, trapezium)	<u>TOLERANCES</u> -entity of tolerances -assembly of three parts	21, 24
5.2	<u>WT_Bending</u> -bending tools and devices -bending machines -bending of bases, pipes and sheets with hand and machines <u>S_Importance_of_Fibre_and_its_Direction</u>	<u>Surface_Area_I</u> -surface area of rectangular linear plane engineering figures (rhombus, parallelogram, triangle)	<u>REFERENCE_EDGES_AND_FACES</u> -laying out workpieces considering tolerance edges -dimensioning according to the sequence of operation	25, 26

5.3	<p><u>WT Hammering and Straightening</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -process of hammering and straightening -stretching and upsetting effect <p><u>M Properties of Material</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -extensibility and malleability <p><u>S Energy</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -potential and kinetic energy 	<p><u>Surface Area II</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -surface area of angular plane engineering figures (circle, sector of a circle) 	<p>Drawing from Models</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -angle support -bolt with square <p>27</p>
5.4	<p><u>WT Hammering and Straightening</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -straightening of bases -clamping of sheets -care and handling of tools <p><u>S Motion</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -swinging motions 	<p><u>Surface Area I and II</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -practice of solving different problems 	<p>Drawing from Models</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -plumber block -lever <p>28</p>

UNIT NO.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet no.
6	FASTENING METHODS I (TEMPORARY)			
6.1	WT Joining_of_Parts_with_Screws -fastening procedure -characteristics of a thread 9 Motion_and_Forces_of_Threads	Use_of_Tables -calculating the area of rectangular linear and angular plane engineering figures from tables	Drawing_from_Models repetition and additional exercises	27, 28
6.2	WT Joining_of_Parts_with_Screws -types of screws, bolts and nuts -Standardization of threads -sizes of screws, bolts and nuts	Use_of_Tables -practice of solving other problems with the use of tables	PYRAMIDICAL_and_Conical_Workspieces -representation	29
6	FORCE -representation of forces on a thread by means of drawing (inclined plane with screw jack example)			
6.3	WT Joining_of_Parts_with_Screws -thread cutting tools -tightening of screws, -locking of screws against loosening (check nuts, slotted nuts, cotter pin, spring lock washers, safety tap washers) -revision	Surface_Area_I_and_II -workshop calculation practice	PYRAMIDICAL_and_Conical_Workspieces -recognition	30
	Review	Review	Review	

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
7.1	HAND-OPERATION TECHNIQUES III <u>WT Thread Cutting by Hand</u> -method of cutting thread (internal and external) -taps, dies, dies for pipe threads	<u>Square Root</u> -method of evolving of square root	<u>Pyramidal-and-Conical Workpieces</u> -dimensioning 29	
	M PROPERTIES-OF-MATERIAL -toughness -reaction of tough material while cutting threads			
	S Moment -turning moment			
7.2	<u>WT Thread Cutting by Hand</u> -clamping of taps and dies -selection of core and outside dia	<u>Transposition_of_Formulae</u> -formulas -meaning of transposition (comparison with balance)	<u>Pyramidal-and-Conical Workpieces</u> -dimensioning 29,31	
	S Work -principle of work			
7.3	<u>WT Thread Cutting by Hand</u> -cutting, measuring and checking of threads	<u>Transposition_of_Formulae</u> -using multiplication and/or division signs	<u>Pyramidal-and-Conical Workpieces</u> -dimensioning 32	
	S Work -work done while cutting thread			

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
8	FASTENING METHOD II (PERMANENT)	transposition_of_Formulae -using addition and/or subtraction signs	Sections_I -full section	33
8.1	<u>WT Riveting</u> -process of riveting -effects of upsetting	<u>S Force</u> -forces acting at rivet joints		
8.2	<u>WT Riveting</u> -rivets and their standardization (common rivets and their shapes) -types of riveting joints	<u>S Safety Stress and Strength of Material</u>	Pythagorean Proposition -definition -derivation of formulae -practice of solving problems	Sections_I -full section 34
8.3	<u>WT Riveting</u> -riveting tools -preparation of rivet joints -selections of rivets, upsetting of rivet head		Surface Area.II -calculating area of composed figures	Sections_I -full section (two views) 35

8.4	<u>Soldering and Brazing</u> -process of soldering and brazing -penetration of solder into the materials	<u>Surface Area II</u> calculating perimeter of composed figures	<u>Representation_of_Threads</u> -external thread	36
8.5	<u>Soldering and Brazing</u> -special devices for soldering and brazing -special tools -use for joint/brazing of workpieces (preparation of workpieces)	<u>VOLUME</u> -volume and units of volume	<u>Representation_of_Threads</u> -internal thread	37
8.6	<u>Soldering and Brazing</u> -care and prevention of accidents -soldering and brazing faults	<u>Volume</u> -volumes of parallel engineering solids	<u>Representation_of_Threads</u> -new joints	38
8.7	<u>Heat</u> -amount of heat	<u>Heat</u> -amount of heat	<u>Representation_of_Threads</u> -new joints	39

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
9 9.1	<u>HAND-OPERATION TECHNIQUES IV</u> <u>WT Forging by Hand</u> -Forging Process -upsetting of material -fire required, purging <u>S Energy</u> -kinetic energy	Volumes -volumes of cones and frustum of cone	Representation_of_Threads -screw joints	39
9.2	<u>WT Forging by Hand</u> -Forging tools (anvil, swage block, hammers, tongs) -handling of fire <u>S Burning Process</u>	Volumes -volumes of pyramids and frustum of pyramid	Sections_II -half sections	40
9.3	<u>WT Forging by Hand</u> -selection and blowing of hammers -cutting the material of the job -drawing down, upsetting, bending and punching	Volumes -volume of composed engineering solids	Sections_II -off-set sections	41

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
10	FASTENING METHODS [1] (PERMANENT)			
10.1	WT Gas Welding -welding process -melting and solidification process <u>S Gases</u> -behaviour of gases -air pressure	Quantity of Liquids -units of quantity -calculating quantity of liquid in containers	Sections-II -off-set sections	4.2
10.2	WT Gas Welding -welding equipments (torch, acetylene gas generator, gas cylinders, oxygen and acetylene) <u>S Gases</u>	Volume and Quantity -practice of solving the problems about volume and quantity	Sections-II -parts not to be sectioned	4.3
10.3	WT Gas Welding -burning of torch (zones of welding flames) -blowing off the torch -preparing the job - welded joints -proper handling of the torch	Weight -weight and its units -specific gravity	Sections-II -parts not to be sectioned	4.4

1C. 4 <u>WT_Electric_Welding</u> -process of electric welding -movement of electric arc <u>Heating_Effect_on_Materials</u> -expansion and shrinkage of materials S <u>Electric_Circuit</u>	<u>Weight</u> -calculating weight on the basis of volume	<u>Welded_Joints</u> -welding symbols
1C. 5 <u>WT_Electric_Welding</u> -welding equipment (welding transformer, electrodes, gloves, shields) <u>Heating_and_Lightening_Effect_of_ELECTRIC_CURRENT</u>	<u>Weight</u> -calculating the weight on the basis of length and area	<u>Welded_Joints</u> -welding symbols
1C. 6 <u>WT_Electric_Welding</u> -voltage - selection of electrodes -testing of welded joints	<u>Weight</u> -practice of solving the problems	<u>Welded_Joints</u> -welded joints (flywheel)

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
11	IRON AND STEEL			
11.1	WT IRON	<p>-Production of pig iron</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -iron ore -blast furnace (construction, burning process) -Products of the blast furnace (grey cast iron, white cast iron, slag, waste gases) 	<p>Estimation and Wastage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -estimation -wastage 	<p>Welded Joints</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -welded joints (structural shapes)
11.2	WT Steel	<p>-Production of steel and high grade steel from pig iron</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -purification of pig iron -methods of steel production (Bessemer converter, Thomas converter, Oxygen converter, Siemens-Martin process) -processes of Bessemer and Oxygen converters 	<p>Estimation and Wastage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating the wastage on the basis of volume 	<p>Welded Joints</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -welded joints (structural shapes)
11.3	WT Steel - Cast Iron	<p>-defects in material (during steel production)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Production of high grade steel (electric arc furnace, electric induction furnace) -casted material -cast iron 	<p>Estimation and Wastage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating the wastage on the basis of area and length 	<p>Drawing from Models</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -welded structural shape

11.4 <u>WT Steel - Cast Iron</u> -malleable cast iron and cast steel -influence of alloying elements on steel and iron	Estimation and Wastage -practice of solving the problems regarding esti- mation and wastage	Drawing from Models -welded structural shapes	4.9
11.5 <u>NT Steel - Iron</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -standardization of steel and iron -properties and uses of steel -structural steel -tool steel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review Drawing from Models -axle 	4.9

INT. No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING Sheet No.
12	NON-FERROUS METALS <u>WT Heavy and Light Metals</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -non-ferrous heavy metals (copper, copper alloys, zinc, zinc alloys, tin, tin alloys, lead, lead alloys) -standardizing of non-ferrous heavy metals -non-ferrous light metals (magnesium, magnesium alloys, aluminium, aluminium alloys) 	<p>Review</p>	<p>Drawing from Models -axis</p> <p>49</p>

MASTERPLAN - CURRICULUM
TURNER / MACHINIST

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY (including Working Techniques (WT) Materials (M) and Sciences (S))	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
13	ISO-FITS AND TOLERANCES <u>WT_Fits_and_Tolerances</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -necessity of fits (mass production, interchangeability of parts) -basic definitions (nominal size, actual size, limits of size, zero line, tolerance) -types of fits-clearance, interference and transition 	Calculation_of_Fits <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -basic definitions and expressing fits on hole and shaft -meaning of symbols 	Rectangular_Cuts_1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -fitting with triangular zone 	5Q
13.1				
13.2	WT_Fits_and_Tolerances <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -maximum/minimum clearance and interference -tolerance zone (grade & position) -Fit systems (basic hole/basic shaft) 	Calculation_of_Fits <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating fit dimensions for hole and shaft (max./min. sizes, off-sizes) 		

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
14	TURNING OPERATIONS I <u>WT Workpiece-Shapes-Technology</u> -turning processes -turning lathes (different designs) -main parts of a centre lathe	Calculation_of_Fits -maximum / minimum clearance and interference	Rectangular_Cuts_I -prisms with hexagonal base	51
14.1	<u>WT Workpiece-Shapes-Technology</u> -main drive -belt and gear drives -stepped pulley drive (with and without back gearing arrangement)	Elements_of_Mechanics Time -time and its units -expressing time in decimal form		
14.2	<u>WT Workpiece-Shapes-Technology</u> -gear box with variable speed gear -infinitely variable speed drives	Motion = Speed -types of motion -linear speed -rotary speed	REPRESENTATION_OF_FITS -meaning of fits	52
14.3	<u>WT Workpiece-Shapes-Technology</u> -feed gears (working mechanism i.e. working of apron, lead screw, locking mechanism, drop worm mechanism) -feed drives (belt feed drive, gear feed drive, Norton feed drive)	Cutting_Speeds Linear Cutting Motion -calculating the cutting with linear cutting motion	Representation_of_Fits	53
14.4				

14.5	<p><u>WT Workpiece-Shapes-Technology</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - turning tools, materials for turning tools - shape and angles of cutting edge <p><u>X - Steels</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - alloyed/unalloyed tool steels - high speed steel 	<p><u>Circumferential_Cutting Motion</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - calculating the cutting speed with circumferential cutting motion 	<p><u>Representation_of_Fits.</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -specification of fits
			54

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
15	MACHINE OPERATION TECHNIQUES I	<p>Drilling Calculations Speeds</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -types of holes in different work-pieces -movements while drilling on the drilling machine -main parts of a drilling machine (drill spindle, main drive, feed drive, working table etc.) -different types and designs of drilling machines and their uses (column drilling machine, bench drilling machine, multi-spindle drilling machine, gang spindle drilling machine, radial drilling machine) 	<p>Rectangular_Cuts-II</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating the cutting speed, the spindle speed (with formulas) -pyramids 	55
15.1	WT DRILLING	<p>WT DRILLING</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -twist drill (shape, selection, advantages and care of a twist drill) -special drilling and boring tools (deep hole drill, centre bit, hollow drill, boring bars and cutting out tool), their shape and function -chucking of drill -selection of revolution and feed and cooling while drilling 	<p>Speeds</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating spindle speed with the help of tables 	
15.2	WT DRILLING TOOLS			

15.3	<u>WT Drilling-of-Simple-Holes-on Drilling Machine</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -procedure -marking of drill holes -clamping of workpiece -operation layout -measuring of drilled holes 	<u>Feed</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -reading feed from table -calculating the rate of tool travel 	<u>Rectangular_Cuts_II</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Jobs with cut pyramids 	55
15.4	<u>WT Countersinking and Counterboring</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -procedure and purpose -counterboring with core drills -countersinking with rose bits -counterboring with centre bores and spot facer 	<u>Machining_Time</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating the time required for drilling a hole -calculating the total time 		
15.5	<u>WT DRILLING-of Smooth and Accurate Holes-on-the DRILLING MACHINE Bores On-the Lathe</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -procedure -measuring and testing -types and performance of reamers -reaming on the drilling machine -drilling, boring and reaming on the lathe (with example of manufacturing bushes) -testing and measuring techniques of bores 	<u>Shaping_Calculations</u> <u>Cutting_Speed</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating the cutting speed for shaping 	<u>Representation_of_-Key_and_Bin_Joints</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -parallel and tapered keys 	57

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
16	MACHINE OPERATION TECHNIQUES 111 <u>WT Shaping_and_Planning</u> -shaping machines (working of the machine, main motion, feed motion, main parts and their functions)	Length_of_Stroke / Numbers_of_Strokes -calculating the length of stroke -calculating the number of strokes per minute	Representation_of_parallel Key -assembly drawing	57.1
16.1				
16.2	<u>WT Shaping_and_Planning</u> -main drive, length of stroke, cutting speed, influence of length of stroke on cutting speed, feed drive -shaping and planing tools (shape and function) -clamping of tools	Milling_Calculations_Spindle_Speed -calculating the spindle speed	Representation_of_Tapered Key -assembly drawing	57.2
16.3	<u>WT Shaping_and_Planning</u> -clamping of workpieces -setting the number of strokes per minute (from table), adjusting length of stroke, feed and cutting depth	Cutting_Speed / Feed -calculating the cutting speed for milling -calculating the speed for milling cutters	Representation_of_Pins -cylindrical pins	58
16.4	<u>WT Shaping_and_Planning</u> -shaping of V-block (discussion on operation plan) -measuring and testing of V-blocks -design and working of planing machine -Planing of Guide Gib (discussion on operation plan)	Cutting_Speed / Feed -table for cutting speed and feed , use of table	Representation_of_Pins -pins with cylindrical pins	59.1

16.5	<u>WT_Milling_(Workpieces & Method)</u> -features of workpieces prepared by milling process -milling methods (plain & end milling, climb & conventional milling)	Trigonometric Ratios Concept -relation between angle and sides of a right angle triangle -trigonometric ratios (sin, cos and tan)	
16.6	<u>WT_Milling_(Machines & Main Parts)</u> -design and types of milling machines and their working (horizontal, vertical and universal milling ma- chines) -main parts and their functions (spindle, main drive, feed drive etc.)	Trigonometric Table -reading the trigonometric table -practice of solving sums	<u>Cuts on Cylinders</u> -rectangular cuts on cylinders 59
16.7	<u>WT_Milling_(Tools and Shape)</u> -milling tools: types and function (filled tooth cutters - plain milling cutters and shell end mills, side milling cutters) -maintenance of milling tools	<u>Inclination - Tapering</u> -inclination -calculating inclination ratio, change in height, inclination angle (α)	<u>Cuts on Cylinders</u> -penetration of cylinders 60
16.8	<u>WT_Milling_(Mounting of Cutter and Clamping-the-Workpiece)</u> -mounting of milling cutters (checking of concentric running and rules for mounting of cutters) -clamping of workpieces	TAPERING -calculating bigger/ smaller diameter, setting angle ($\alpha/2$)	

16.9	<u>WT Milling (Operation)</u> -selection of Rpm., feed -rough and finish milling -rules for milling -accident Prevention -cooling during milling -milling of plane surfaces (discussion on operation plan and testing of the surface)	<u>Inclination - Tapering</u> -practice of solving sums	
------	--	--	--

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
17	<u>GRINDING OPERATIONS</u>	<u>Elements_of_Mechanics</u> <u>Strength</u> -purpose of grinding -composition of grinding wheels (types and selection of abrasives, selections of granulation) -bonding of the grinding wheels -bonding materials	<u>Cuts_on_Cylinders</u> -force and its units -force per unit area (pressure)	6.1
17.1	<u>WT_Grinding_and_Grinding_wheels</u>	<u>Strength</u> -hardness of grinding wheels and selection of hardness -structure of grinding wheels -grinding wheels (shapes, maintenance & mounting) -rules for selection of grinding wheels -dressing of grinding wheels	<u>Assembled_Workpieces</u> -calculating tensile strength	6.2
17.2	<u>WT_Grinding_and_Grinding_wheels</u>	<u>Strength</u> -circumferential speed of grinding wheel -sharpening of tools (machines for sharpening) -cutting speed and Rpm. of grinding wheels -rules for sharpening -fettling of workpiece -cooling during grinding and prevention of accidents	<u>Assembled_Workpieces</u> -preparation of detail drawing	6.3
17.3	<u>WT_Grinding_and_Grinding_wheels</u>	<u>Strength</u> -calculating shearing strength		

MASTERPLAN - CURRICULUM

TURNER:

UNIT No.	TECHNOLOGY (including Working Techniques (WT) Materials (M) and Science (S))	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWINGS	Sheet No.
13	TURNING OPERATIONS I	WORK -types of turning tools -maintenance/grinding of turning tools -clamping and setting of turning tools	Representation_of_Gear-II -denominations	64
18.1	<u>WT Workpiece-Shapes-Technology</u>	WORK -Formula for calculating the work -work and its units	Representation_of_Gear-II -symbols	65
18.2	<u>WT Workpiece-Shapes-Technology</u>	WorkDone_in_Rotation -cutting speed (considering the material of workpiece/tools, cross-section of chips, cooling, design of machine) -spindle speed -reading RPM from the cutting speed diagram -feed, depth of cut, types and shapes of chips	Representation_of_Gear-II -solving the sums regarding work and torque	66
18.3	<u>WT Parallel-Turning</u>	Mechanical_Power -formula for calculating the power -power and its units	Representation_of_Gear-II -spur gear	66

18.4	<u>WT Stepped Turning</u> -reading the drawing -turning operations -measuring and testing of bolt with micrometer and depth gauge (procedure and care) -chucking of short cylindrical parts in collet chucks (collet chuck - internal and external stepped chucks)	<u>Efficiency</u> -power given (input) -power obtained (output) -formula for calculating the efficiency -solving sums regarding power and efficiency	<u>Angular Cuts</u> -on prisms	67
------	---	--	-----------------------------------	----

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
19 19.1	TURNING OPERATIONS III <u>WT Turning of Shafts</u> -shafts (purpose of various shafts) -turning operations -measuring and testing of shafts (caliper-snap gauge)	Transmission_of_Power_Friction_Drive -simple belt drive! calculating transmission ratio, diameters and RPM of pulleys	<u>Angular_Cuts</u> -on Pyramids	68
	M Hardening -process of hardening -quenching media			
	S FORCE -effects of forces acting on a shaft			
19.2	<u>WT Turning of Shafts</u> -turning between centres -marking of the centres (with height scriber, centre gauge, dividers, centering bell) -drilling of centre holes	Friction_Drive -double belt drives: calculating total transmission ratio, diameters and RPM of pulleys	<u>Turned_Workpieces</u> -internal and external recesses	69
	M Surface_Hardening -purpose (wear resistant surface, tough and ductile core) -processes of case hardening (process In General, carborizers) -flame hardening			

19.3	WT Turning_of_Shfts -driving plates -fixed and steady rests (application) -turning on a lathe mandrel (purpose - and types, ordinary and expending mandrels) -straightening of shafts	Friction_Drive -practice of solving sums	
19.4	WT Turning_of_Eccentric_Shfts -eccentric shafts (purpose) -reading the drawing -chucking the job for off-centre turning -off-centre turning (marking procedure) -testing of off-centre sizes	Gears_and_Gear_Drive -dimensions of a gear -formulas for calculating dimensions of a gear	Turned_Workpieces -dimensioning according to machining process (turning II)
19.5	WT Profile_Turning -profile turning (procedure) -rules for profile turning -profile tools -testing of profile with profile gauges	Gears_and_Gear_Drive -calculating the centre to centre distance of gears	Turned_Workpieces -dimensioning according to machining process (turning II)
19.6	WT Knurling -knurling workpieces (purpose) -knurling toolst diamond and straight knurling	Gears_and_Gear_Drive -simple gear trains: -calculating the transmission ratio (gear ratio)	Drilled_Workpieces -dimensioning the jobs considering the production method and tools

19.7 <u>WT_Turning_of_Housings_and_Castings</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -marking the workpiece on the lathe (face plate) -mounting the workpiece on the lathe (face plate) -measuring and testing of turned workpiece (cover) -aligning of workpiece on the Face Plate 	<u>Gears_and_Gear_Drive</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -compound gear train; -calculating the total transmission ratio 	<u>Drilled_Workpieces</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -dimensioning the jobs for marking and drilling processes 	7.2
19.8 <u>WT_Mass_Production_of_TURNED_Parts</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -purpose of mass production -different machines -capstan lathe (introduction, procedure of manufacturing bolt on capstan lathe) -automatic lathes -tracer turning (copying turning) 	<u>Gears_and_Gear_Drive</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -practice of solving sums 	<u>Milled_Workpieces</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -dimensioning according to machining process 	7.3.1

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
20	<u>TURNING OPERATIONS IV</u>			
20.1	<u>WT Taper Turning</u> -taper turning (internal and external) -designations on the taper -taper turning methods (compound slide, off-set, taper turning attachment)	<u>Turning Calculations</u> <u>Cutting Z Spindle Speeds</u> -calculating cutting speed/spindle speed with formulas and table	<u>Dimensioning</u> -turning, milling and drilling processes	73
20.2	<u>WT Taper Turning</u> -setting of taper guide bar -rules for taper turning -manufacturing internal tapers -manufacturing of lathe centre (procedure, measuring, testing) -measuring and testing of angles	<u>Feed/Depth Of Cut</u> -reading feed from the table -calculating the depth of cut and cross-section- al area of the chips	<u>Drawing From Models</u> -puller	74
20.3	<u>WT Taper Turning</u> -fixed and adjustable angle measuring instruments -testing of tapers (standardized) -manufacture of holes for taper pins	<u>Cutting Speed</u> -reading the cutting speed diagram	<u>Drawing From Models</u> -clamping device	75
20.4	<u>WT Threads and Threading Operations</u> -use of threaded parts -characteristics of threads (the Pitch, direction of pitch, clamping effect of thread)	<u>Rate of Tool Travel / Machining Time</u> -calculating the rate of tool travel -calculating the machining time		

<p><u>WT_Threads_and_Threading_Operations</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -standardized threads (angular threads, metric threads, Whitworth pipe threads, armoured steel pipe threads, Acme threads, buttress threads, round threads) -defects in threads 	<p><u>Taper_Turning</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -terminologies -calculating off-set (when taper length equal/not equal to total length)
<p><u>WT_Threads_and_Threading_Operations</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -fits of threads -methods of manufacturing of threads (tap, die, threading tool, thread milling, thread grinding, thread rolling) -thread cutting operation on lathe and with tap and die (internal and external) 	<p><u>Taper_Turning</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculations - when turning taper with compound slide

20.8	WT_Threads_and_Threading_Operations -procedure of thread cutting on lathe -threading tools (shapes and functions)	Compound_Gearings -calculating the transmission ratio and suitable sets of gears	
20.9	WT_Threads_and_Threading_Operations -function of the lead screw and split nut -function of change gears and feed mechanism -function of reversing gear	Thread_Cutting_Calculations -calculations when cutting inch threads with inch lead screw -calculations when cutting inch threads with metric lead screw	
20.10	WT_Threads_and_Threading_Operations -cutting of male threads with threading tool (procedure, measuring and testing) -cutting of female threads with threading tool (procedure, measuring and testing) -rules for thread cutting on the lathe -right-hand and left-hand threads -single and multi-start threads -mistakes during thread cutting	Thread_Cutting_Calculations -calculations when cutting metric threads with inch lead screw	
20.11	WT_Threads_and_Threading_Operations -thread cutting on capstan lathe -thread cutting on threading machine -thread milling (long and short) -thread finishing -thread grinding -thread rolling	Review	Review

MASTERPLAN - CURRICULUM
MACHINIST

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY (including Working Techniques (WT), Materials (W) and Science(s))	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
18	GRINDING OPERATIONS <u>WT Cylindrical Grinding</u> -external cylindrical grinding -cylindrical grinding machines (parts and their function) -external cylindrical grinding on lathe	<u>Work</u> -formula for calculating the work -work and its units	<u>Representation_of_Gears_I</u> -denominations	64
18.1	<u>WT Longitudinal Grinding</u> -clamping of workpiece between centres -selection of the grinding wheel -cutting speed and rpm of the grinding wheel -circumferential speed and rpm of workpiece -depth of cut -grinding of shafts (discussion of operation plan and measuring and testing of shaft)	<u>Work_done_in_Rotation</u> -formula for calculating the torque -solving the sums regarding work and torque	<u>Representation_of_Gears_II</u> -symbols	65
19.3	<u>Various Methods of Cylindrical Grinding</u> -plunge-cut and profile grinding -taper grinding -centreless grinding -cutoff grinding -defects occurring during grinding	<u>Mechanical_Power</u> -formula for calculating the power -power and its units	<u>Representation_of_Gears_III</u> -spur & gear	66

18.4 <u>WT Internal_Cylindrical_Grinding</u> -grinding methods -internal grinding machines (Working and main parts) -clamping of workpieces -selection of grinding wheel -grinding of holes (discussion on the operation plan) -grinding of ring gauge	Efficiency -power given (input) -power obtained (output) -formula for calculating the efficiency -sliding sums regarding power and efficiency	<u>Angular_Cuts</u> -on prisms	67
18.5 <u>WT Surface_Grinding</u>	-rough and finish grinding -face and circumferential grinding -surface grinding machine for face grinding -face grinding (selection of wheel)	<u>Transmission_of_Power</u> <u>Friction_Drive</u> -Simple belt drive, calculating the transmission ratio, diameters and Rpm of pulleys	68
18.6 <u>WT Surface_Grinding/Fine_Operation</u>	-grinding of parallel (discussion on operation plan and measuring and testing of parallel) -fine finishing operations (lapping - selection of the lapping compound, lapping methods, lapping by hand and with machines; honing; precision turning and precision boring)	<u>Torched_Workpieces</u> -internal and external recesses	69

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
19	<u>MILLING AND MILLING OPERATIONS</u>			
19.1	<u>WT Milling Machines</u>	<p><u>Friction_Drive</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -repetition of horizontal, vertical and universal milling machines -other milling machines (plan of milling machine, thread milling machine, gear milling machine, copy milling machine) 	<p><u>Turned Workpieces</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -dimensioning according to the machining process (turning I) 	70
19.2	<u>WT Milling_Tools</u>	<p><u>Gears_and_Gear_Drive</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -dimensions of a gear -formulas for calculating dimensions of a gear <p><u>Milling Tools</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -plain and end milling cutters (repetition) -milling cutters with shank (end mills, T-slot cutters, two lipped end mills) -form or profile milling cutters -face milling cutters with inserted teeth -form relieved cutters -Jauge milling cutters 	<p><u>Turned Workpieces</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -dimensioning according to the machining process (turning II) 	70
19.3	<u>WT Milling_Tools</u>	<p><u>Gears_and_Gear_Drive</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -discussion of reference values for number of teeth and angles on the cutting edge of the milling cutters -maintenance of tools (repetition) -Mounting of milling cutter and clamping of workpiece 	<p><u>Turned Workpieces</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating the centre to centre distance of gears 	70

19.4	<u>WT Milling Plain Surfaces & Key Ways</u> -milling of plane surface (repetition) (discussion on operation plan and method of testing of plane surfaces) -milling of keyways (discission on operation plan and testing of key- ways)	<u>Gears_and_Gear_Drive</u> -simple gear train; calculating the transmission ratio (gear ratio)	<u>Drilled Workpieces</u> -dimensioning the job considering the production method and tools	71
19.5	<u>WT Milling Of Slides and Hexagons</u> -milling of slides (discission on operation plan and measuring and testing of slides) -milling of hexagons (discission on operation plan and measuring and testing of hexagons)	<u>Gears_and_Gear_Drive</u> -compound gear train; calculating the total transmission ratio	<u>Drilled Workpieces</u> -dimensioning the job for marking and drilling pro- cesses	72
19.6	<u>WT Indexing</u> -dividing with indexing attachment (plain indexing attachment, dividing head) -indexing with dividing head -differential indexing	<u>Gears_and_Gear_Drive</u> -practice of solving sums	<u>Milled Workpieces</u> -dimensioning according to the machining process	73.1
19.7	<u>WT How to Saw on a Milling Machine</u> -slitting saws (shape, size and function) -selection of slitting saw (with regards to dia and width) -mounting of the slitting saw on the machine -clamping of the workpiece on the milling machine table -procedure to be followed	<u>Indexing Calculations</u> <u>Worm-Drive</u> -basic definitions -calculating the pitch	<u>Dimensioning</u> -turning, milling and drilling processes	73

		Drawing_from_Models	74
19.8	WT_Non-Cut_Slots-on-a-Milling Machine	<ul style="list-style-type: none">-Worm-Drive-calculating the lead and pitch-advance	

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
20	<u>MANUFACTURE OF GEARS</u>			
20.1	<u>WT Gears and Use of Gears</u> -use of gears -shape of gears and gearing -profile of teeth -dimensions of spur gears	worm drive -calculating the rpm and speed ratio		75
20.2	<u>WT Gears and Manufacture of Gears</u> -materials used for gears (metallic and Plastic gears) -manufacture of gear blanks -manufacture of gears (cutting depth)		Worm Gearing for Indexing -basic design and names of parts -formula for calculating the no. of turns of the crank	Drawing from Models -clamping device
20.3	<u>WT Manufacture of Spur Gears</u> -manufacture of spur gears with indexing method -discussion on selection of teeth and operation plan for milling of spur gears by indexing method		Rapid Indexing -calculating the no. of holes to move	
20.4	<u>WT Manufacture of Spur Gears</u> -cutting of spur gears by hobbing -gear shaping- shaping of spur gear teeth, shaping of teeth with indexing, shaping of teeth with the generating method		Simple Indexing -calculating the no. of turns of index crank	

20.5	WT Manufacture_of_Gears <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -grinding the teeth flanks of spur gears -manufacture of worms and worm wheels -manufacture of bevel gears -measuring and testing of profiles of gears 	Indexing_Calculations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -practice of solving the problems Reading_of_Drawings_I <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -dove-tail guide

Unit No.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
21	SLOTTING AND SLOTTING MACHINE			
21.1	Wt Slotted Operation and Slotted Machine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -slotted operation (purpose) -design and function of slotting machine -main drive and main feed of the slotting machine -slotting tools (shape and material) 	Change_Gear Calculations Sample_Gearinz <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -calculating the transmission ratio and suitable gears 	Reading_of_Drawings_1	
21.1	Wt Slotting of Keyways	COMPOUND_GEARING <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -slotting of a keyway or internal groove on slotting machine (dis- cussion on operation plan) -manufacturing process -measuring and testing of keyways 		

UNIT NO.	TECHNOLOGY	TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS	TECHNICAL DRAWING	Sheet No.
22	BROACHING AND BROACHING MACHINES <u>22.1</u> WT Broaching and Broaching Tools -internal and external broaching -broaching process -broaching tools (shape, working directions for broaching tools)	<u>Thread-Cutting-Calculations</u> -calculations when cutting inch threads with inch lead screw -calculations when cutting metric threads with metric lead screw		
22.2	<u>WT Broaching Machines</u> -broaching machine (design, functions of main parts) -broaching of spline bores on broaching machine (discussion on the operation plan)	<u>Thread-Cutting-Calculations</u> -calculations when cutting metric threads with inch lead screw	<u>Review</u>	
22.3	<u>Review</u>	<u>Review</u>	<u>Review</u>	

PROJECTS FOR THEORETICAL INSTRUCTIONSFOR TURNER AND MACHINIST

1. Clamping Prism
 2. Screw Jack
 3. Eccentric Drive
 4. Fixture for Round Bars
 5. Sliding Gear Drive
 6. Spur Gear
 7. Vee-Pulley
 8. Soline Shaft
 9. Claw Clutch
 10. Double Start Worm Shaft
 11. Tool Post
 12. Tailstock
- } Parts of
'Sliding Gear Drive'

SPUR GEAR (Sliding Gear Drive)

1. Purpose of Spur Gear

- 1.1 General purpose
- 1.2 Special purpose of sliding gears

2. Representation, Design, Application

- 2.1 Simplified and symbolic representation of the spur gear
- 2.2 ISO-symbols of fits
- 2.3 Module
- 2.4 Design of the block of sliding gears
- 2.5 Design of the block of fixed gears
- 2.6 Hardness symbol; recognition

3. Materials and Tools

- 3.1 Materials for gear production
- 3.2 Comparison: welded gear - cast gear
- 3.3 Machine tools for spur gear production
- 3.4 Machine tools for indexing method
- 3.5 Choice of the appropriate cutter
- 3.6 Machine tools for slotting the gear
- 3.7 Choice of the lathe tools
- 3.8 Materials of turning tools
- 3.9 Roughing and finishing tools
- 3.10 Clamping devices for turning tools

4. Manufacturing Problems

- 4.1 'Forming' and 'Generating' of gears
- 4.2 Points of special attention when milling gears
- 4.3 Gear-hobbing
- 4.4 Hardening of gears
- 4.5 Grinding of gears

5. Sequences of Operations

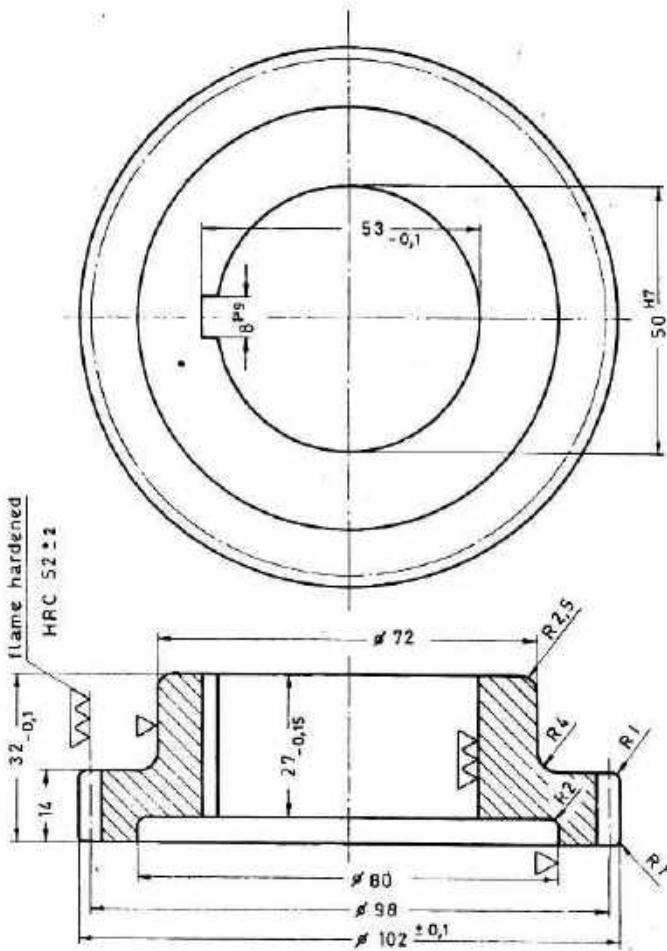
- 5.1 Sequence of turning operations
- 5.2 Production of the key way
- 5.3 Sequence of milling operations

6. Measuring and Checking

- 6.1 Key way: checking the depth, width and alignment
- 6.2 Checking the function
- 6.3 Measuring the thickness of teeth, testing the alignment of teeth, concentricity, shape and pitch

7. Related Calculations

- 7.1 Tolerances and off-sizes
- 7.2 Pitch diameter
- 7.3 Distance of shafts; transmission ratio
- 7.4 Thickness of chips
- 7.5 Cutting speed, machining time
- 7.6 Spur gear: calculations on the dividing operation
- 7.7 Table drive of the milling machine: transmission ratios and number of revolutions
- 7.8 Calculation of module and cutting depth

HARDENABLE STEEL $\nabla\nabla$ (∇ , $\nabla\nabla$) $T = 49$
 $m = 2$ 

SCALE 1:1	SPUR GEAR (Part 4 of Sliding Gear Drive)	
TRADE THEORY		Turner / Machinist
3rd YEAR		PROJECT No. 6
DEVELOPMENT CELL FOR SKILLED LABOUR TRAINING		
PAK-GERMAN TECHNICAL TRAINING PROGRAMME		
6.1		

DOUBLE START WORM - SHAFT1. Purpose of a Worm

- 1.1 Technical needs to be suited by a worm gear drive: great reduction of speed; transmission of high forces; transmission of motion with intersecting shafts.
- 1.2 Achieving different transmission ratios with worm gear drives: changing pitch; changing lead; changing number of teeth of the worm wheel.
- 1.3 Acme thread applied as motion thread; forces at an inclined plane; selflocking effect of a worm; friction, efficiency.
- 1.4 Purposes of different portions of the worm shaft.

2. Representation, Design, Application

- 2.1 Dimensions and terms of a worm.
- 2.2 Representation of worm and worm wheel with standard symbols.
- 2.3 Difference between thread and worm when dimensioning pitch (P) and lead (L).
- 2.4 Examples of application of worm gear drives.

3. Materials and Tools

- 3.1 Standard symbols and properties of materials used for worms.
- 3.2 Lathe tools for cutting worm threads; concave grinding, angles of the cutting edge.
- 3.3 Milling and grinding worms.

4. Manufacturing Problems

- 4.1 Production of a worm in one or two steps.
- 4.2 Depth setting of the tool.
- 4.3 Methods of producing a multi start worm.

5. Sequence of Operations

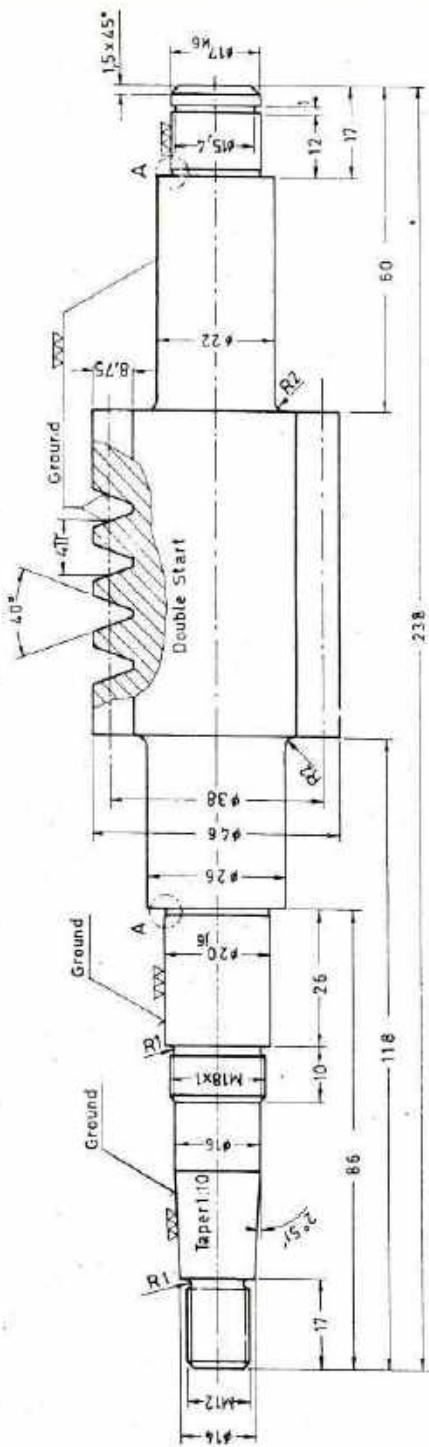
- 5.1 Manufacturing the double start worm-shaft.
- 5.2 Economical considerations for the production of a great number of pieces.

6. Measuring and Checking

- 6.1 Different measuring tools
- 6.2 Measuring outside dia, root dia and dimensions with given off-sizes.
- 6.3 Checking the pitch and the profile of worm.

7. Related Calculations

- 7.1 Module
- 7.2 Change gears
- 7.3 Number of teeth of worm wheels



$\phi 20 \text{ j}6$	$\pm \frac{9}{4}$
$\phi 17 \text{ k}6$	$\pm \frac{12}{1}$
Turner / Machinist	
Project No. 10	
SCALE 1:1	DOUBLE START WORM SHAFT
TRADE THEORY	MAT. 41 Cr 4 V
3rd YEAR	

DEVELOPMENT CELL FOR SKILLED LABOUR TRAINING

PARK-GERMAN TECHNICAL TRAINING PROGRAMME



10.1



FIRE DOORS PARTNERS